

**ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION** 

# SINAMICS G120 -PM240-2

Power Modules FSA-FSC

Type II according to ISO 14021 including life cycle impact assessment (LCIA)





#### **General information**

This environmental product declaration (EPD) is based on the international standard ISO 14021 ("Environmental labels and declarations – Self declared environmental claims – Type II environmental labelling"). The data in this EPD has been evaluated on a full-scale life cycle assessment (LCA) study according to ISO 14040/44, taking into account the product category rules (PCR) for electronic and electrotechnical products and systems defined in EN 50693.

The applied use phase scenario including load profile is based on EN 50598-3:2015 Table 5.

Siemens is dedicated to an environmentally conscious design of its products in line with IEC 62430 and has implemented an integrated management system according to ISO 9001, ISO 14001 and ISO 45001.

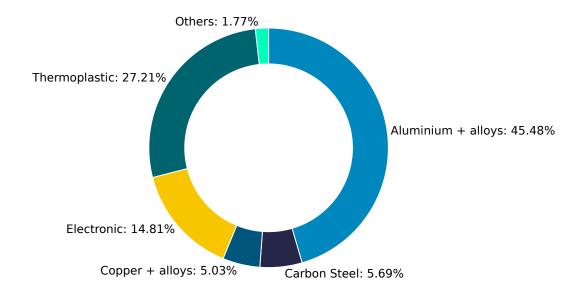
Products	SINAMICS G120 Power Modules PM240-2 in frame sizes FSA, FSB, FSC, voltage classs 200240 V (0.55 kW - 7.5 kW), 380480 V (0.55 kW - 15 k in IP20 degree of protection						
Represented by the reference product	6SL3210-1PE21-4AL0, 5,5 kW 380480 V, Filter Class A, IP20						
Product Description	SINAMICS G120 Power Modules PM240-2, IP 20, air cooled.						
Functional Unit	Power Modules together with the dedicated Control Units allow the speed and torque control of asynchronous induction motors Calculation of the environmental impacts is based on 15 years of product service lifetime. <sup>1</sup>						

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  The lifetime value used for calculation is a reference value and does not equate with the minimum, average or real life time.

## **Material composition**

The following chart outlines the overall material composition of the calculated reference product without packaging. Product weight of 3.1 kg adds up with packaging weight of 0.24 kg to a total weight of 3.34 kg. Packaging consists of: PE film, Corrugated box, average composition, Graphic Paper.

#### Product Weight 3.1 kg



#### Substance assessment

At Siemens, we are committed to the development and production of environmentally sound and sustainably produced equipment. This includes avoiding hazardous substances in our products without compromising their benefits for our customers. Please visit the following website to learn more about how we comply with product-related environmental regulations like RoHS, REACH, WEEE and others: Product Related Environmental Protection

## Life cycle stages and reference scenarios



#### Manufacturing

This stage covers the extraction of natural resources, production of raw materials, manufacturing, packaging, and transportation.



## Distribution and Operation

This stage covers the product's distribution, installation, use, and maintenance. Different operating conditions can lead to deviations from the reference scenario.



#### **End-of-Life**

This stage covers the disassembly or shredding and material recycling of all recyclable materials, as well as energy recovery, thermal treatment and the disposal of all other materials.

#### **Scenarios**

## Energy model used:

China (standard mix), Europe (standard mix)

#### **Transportation model:**

Container Ship, Suezmax 160000 DWT 18500 TEU 19000 km, Truck 7.5t-12t gross weight 1000 km

#### Energy model used: Europe (standard mix)

Distribution scenario:

Container Ship, Suezmax 160000 DWT 18500 TEU 19000 km, Truck 7.5t-12t gross weight 1000 km

#### **Use Scenario:**

Operation profile is defined by 3 operational points (OP):

OP1: 20% of time at 100%

OP1: 20% of time at 100% speed and 100% torque OP2: 70% of time at 50% speed and 25% torque OP3: 10% of time at 0% speed and 25% torque Lifetime 15 years and annual operation 5000h/year

#### Energy model used: Europe (standard mix)

End-of-life methodology: Avoid Burden (plastic waste incineration with energy recovery)

## **Key environmental performance indicators**

The following impact categories characterize the product's environmental footprint. They have been calculated with LCIA methodology EF3.1; LCA tool: Green Digital Twin (GDT), Database: One Siemens LCA Database (based on MLC CUP 2023.2, formerly GaBi).

To ensure the high quality and completeness of the LCA results, Primary Data have been used whenever possible. Datasets for resources, such as electrical energy or natural gas, are chosen from the region where the device is produced and assembled. If primary data are not available, datasets reflecting state-of-the-art manufacturing technology are considered.

For products belonging to the same homogeneous product family range the following extrapolation criteria (Appendix) can be used to derive their climate change impact in kg CO2 eq. The rest of the listed impacts will be determined in the following version of the EPD.

Impact Category	Unit	Total	Manufacturing	Distribution	Operation	End-of-life -1.57E-1	
Acidification	Mole of H+ eq	5.07E+0	5.19E-1	1.27E-2	4.70E+0		
Climate change – total	kg CO₂ eq	2.27E+3	5.50E+1	1.09E+0	2.22E+3	-9.72E+0	
Climate change – fossil	kg CO₂ eq	2.25E+3	5.47E+1	1.08E+0	2.20E+3	-9.72E+0	
Climate change – biogenic	kg CO₂ eq	1.98E+1	2.73E-1	2.28E-3	1.95E+1	-2.89E-3	
Climate Change, land use and land use change	kg CO₂ eq	2.73E-1	2.73E-1 3.73E-2		2.40E-1	-4.87E-3	
Ecotoxicity, freshwater – total	CTUe	1.32E+4	3.17E+2	1.02E+1	1.29E+4	-4.02E+1	
Eutrophication, freshwater	kg P eq	8.52E-3	2.59E-4	2.81E-6 8.26E-3		-4.71E-6	
Eutrophication, marine	kg N eq	1.16E+0	4.58E-2	3.24E-3	1.13E+0	-1.03E-2	
Eutrophication, terrestrial	Mole of N eq	1.22E+1	4.94E-1	3.58E-2	1.18E+1	-1.12E-1	
Human toxicity, cancer – total	CTUh	7.16E-7	3.96E-8	2.02E-10	6.81E-7	-4.93E-9	
Human toxicity, non-cancer – total	CTUh	1.21E-5	1.41E-6	8.30E-9	1.09E-5	-2.11E-7	
lonising radiation, human health	kBq U235 eq	1.22E+3	3.01E+0	3.56E-3	1.22E+3	-1.36E+0	
Land Use	dimensionless (pt)	1.85E+4	2.51E+2	4.27E+0	1.82E+4	-1.20E+1	
Ozone depletion	kg CFC-11 eq	5.89E-8	1.82E-8	1.21E-13	4.07E-8	-7.86E-11	
Particulate matter	Disease incidences	4.60E-5	7.77E-6	2.18E-7	3.95E-5	-1.48E-6	
Photochemical ozone formation, human health	kg NMVOC eq	3.13E+0	1.55E-1	1.55E-1 9.03E-3		-3.64E-2	
Resource use, fossils	МЈ	4.69E+4	7.69E+2	1.43E+1	4.63E+4	-1.39E+2	
Resource use, mineral and metals	kg Sb eq	5.92E-2	6.05E-2	5.27E-8	3.41E-4	-1.58E-3	
Water use	m³ water eq deprived water	4.95E+2	1.23E+1	9.61E-3	4.85E+2	-2.18E+0	

## **Climate change**

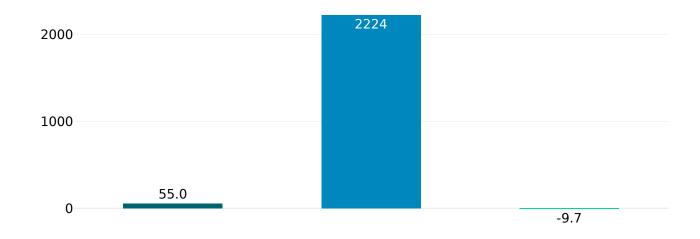
This chart shows the overall impact of the product on climate change – total. The operations phase is the lifecycle phase with the biggest overall impact. Different operating conditions can lead to deviations from the reference scenario.







kg CO2 eq



■ Manufacturing ■ Distribution ■ Operation ■ End of Life

### **End-of-life results**

The end-of-life stage was modelled by shredding of the device, followed by sorting and material separation process.



It leads to:

- an overall product recyclability of up to 59% mainly due to metal content
- an energy recoverability of up to 28% from plastic materials
- a minimum disposal rate of 13%

The exact final values depend on the used recycling process and add up to 100%.

**Note:** The device should not be disposed of as unsorted municipal waste. Special treatment for specific components may be mandated by law or recommended for environmental reasons. Observe all local and applicable laws.

## **Appendix**

For other MLFBs covered by this EPD under SINAMICS G120 PM240-2 homogenous product family, the climate change impact (CC) in kg CO2 eq. can be calculated for the manufacturing and end of life phases using linear regression equations according to the weight in kg (x) of the assessed product.

The following equations based on linear regression is defined as:

$$y = m \times x + b$$

where,

y.... climate change in kgCO2eq.

m.... scaling factor in kgCO2eq./kg of product

x .... mass of the product in kg without packaging

b .... intercept (offset) in kgCO2eq.

Thus, the factors for the **manufacturing phase** are:

m = 9.8183 kgCO2eq./kg of inverter, b = 78.607 kgCO2eq.

#### For END of Life:

m = -3.4826 kgCO2eq./kg of inverter, b = 13.133 kgCO2eq.

For the **operation phase**, the climate change in kgCO2eq was derived for 200 V and 400 V and rated power PR (LO) in kW for European standard energy mix, lifetime of 15 years, annual operation 5000h/year and three operation points. The climate change values for operation phase are described in Tab. 1-2

Definition of the operational points are:

OP1: 20% of time at 100% speed and 100% torque.

OP2: 70% of time at 50% speed and 25% torque.

OP3: 10% of time at 0% speed and 25% torque.

Tab.1 Climate change results for the operation phase (200 V)

Voltage	V	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200
PR (LO) – filtered	kW	0.55	0.75	1.1	1.5	2.2	3	4	5.5	7.5
Climate change	kg CO2eq	588	622	784	1135	1590	1929	2283	2590	3211
Voltage	V	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200
PR (LO) – unfiltered	kW	0.55	0.75	1.1	1.5	2.2	3	4	5.5	7.5
Climate change	kg CO2eq	585	615	868	1129	1575	1918	2353	2565	3173

Tab.2 Climate change results for the operation phase (400 V)

Voltage	V	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
PR (LO) – filtered	kW	0.55	0.75	1.1	1.5	2.2	3	4	5.5	7.5
Climate change	kg CO2eq	537	556	665	800	1147	1472	2009	2224	2800
Voltage	V	400	400							
PR (LO) – filtered	kW	11	15							
Climate change	kg CO2eq	3913	4618							
Voltage	V	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
PR (LO) – unfiltered	kW	0.55	0.75	1.1	1.5	2.2	3	4	5.5	7.5
Climate change	kg CO2eq	536	554	662	794	1135	1451	1993	2199	2765
Voltage	V	400	400							
PR (LO) – unfiltered	kW	11	15							
Climate change	kg CO2eq	3880	4571							

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